



## KARNATAKA RADIOLOGY EDUCATION PROGRAM

## **CASE PRESENTATION**

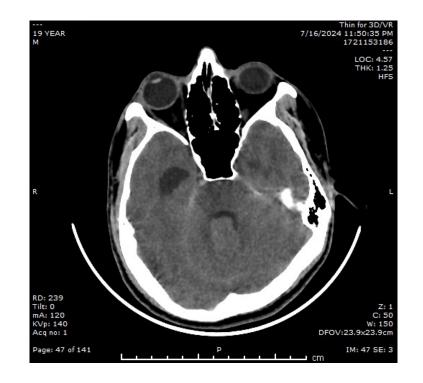
MEDULLOBLASTOMA MENTOR: DR G C PATIL KMCRI,HUBBALLI. PRESENTOR:DR.SHRUTHI

- NAME:Mr.X
- Age:19y/M
- Resident :hubli
- HOPI:headache and nausea ,vomiting since 2 months
  - No h/o seizure, focal deficit
  - No h/o ataxia, head tilt, cranial nerve paralysis
- Medical history: No h/o DM,HTN,hypo/hyperthyroidism.
  - No h/o prior surgeries

- Lab investigations,
- vitals and
- examination were normal



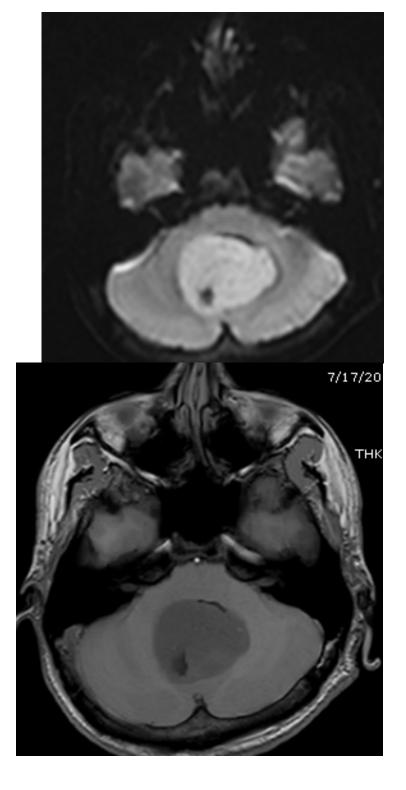


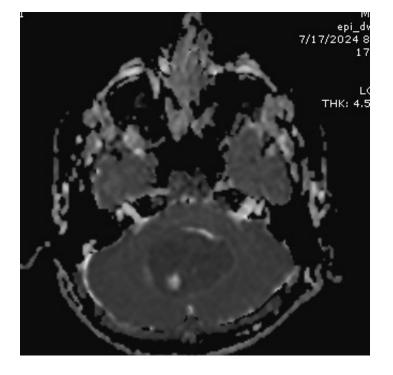


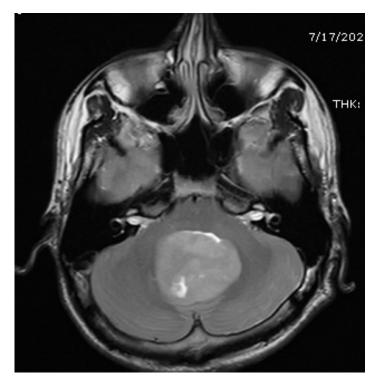


## **CT-BRAIN PLAIN**

 Well defined hyper to isodense lesion (Hu 36-48) with hypodense area with in the lesion measuring 4.4X3.9cm noted at floor of 4th ventricle compressing adjacent cerebellum and 4th ventricle causing upstream dilatation of bilateral lateral ventricle & 3rd ventricle--> Mild obstructive hydrocephalus space occupying lesion--> Neoplastic likely medulloblastoma









- MRI BRAIN +CONTRAST
- Well defined heterogenously enhancing expansile mass In the midline posterior fossa from the roof of the fourth ventricle.
- The lesion measures 4.1 x 3.8 x 3.9 cm (APxTRxCC).
- The mass shows diffusion hyperintensity on DWI owing to cellularity of tumour. There is mass effect on fourth ventricle with moderate proximal dilatation of both lateral and third ventricles .
- Mass is indenting posterior pons cerebellum and mid brain . No Areas of gradient blooming seen . No herniation of tonsils seen.
- F/S/O MEDULLO BLASTOMA WITH OBSTRUCTIVE HYDROCEPHALUS





No spinal drop metastasis seen

• FNAC: MEDULLOBLATOMA

## THANK YOU